

## 5–3 Monomial Factors of Polynomials

**Objective:** To divide polynomials by monomials and to find monomial factors of polynomials.

### Vocabulary

**Divisible** One polynomial is (evenly) divisible by another polynomial if the quotient is also a polynomial. Example 1b shows that  $27uv - 36v$  is divisible by  $9v$ .

**Greatest monomial factor of a polynomial** The GCF of the terms of the polynomial. In Example 3, the GCF of  $3x^2 + 12x$  is  $3x$ .

**Example 1** Divide: a.  $\frac{6m + 36}{6}$       b.  $\frac{27uv - 36v}{9v}$

**Solution** Divide each term of the polynomial by the monomial. Then add the results.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } \frac{6m + 36}{6} &= \frac{6m}{6} + \frac{36}{6} & \text{b. } \frac{27uv - 36v}{9v} &= \frac{27uv}{9v} - \frac{36v}{9v} \\ &= m + 6 & &= 3u - 4 \end{aligned}$$

**Example 2** Divide:  $\frac{2x^4 - 8x^3y + 4x^2y^2}{-2x^2}$

$$\text{Solution } \frac{2x^4 - 8x^3y + 4x^2y^2}{-2x^2} = \frac{2x^4}{-2x^2} - \frac{8x^3y}{-2x^2} + \frac{4x^2y^2}{-2x^2} = -x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2$$

**Divide.** Assume that no denominator equals zero.

1.  $\frac{4a + 12}{4}$

2.  $\frac{10a - 15}{5}$

3.  $\frac{20n - 16}{4}$

4.  $\frac{6x + 9y + 12}{3}$

5.  $\frac{2m - 4n + 6}{2}$

6.  $\frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 6x}{x}$

7.  $\frac{8xy - 12x^2}{4x}$

8.  $\frac{5a - 10a^2 - 15a^3}{5a}$

9.  $\frac{12y - 18y^2 - 6y^3}{6y}$

10.  $\frac{4x^2 - 12x - 8}{4}$

11.  $\frac{27y^4 + 18y^3 - 36y^2}{9y^2}$

12.  $\frac{6u^3 + 4u^2 - 2u}{2u}$

13.  $\frac{12r^4 - 9r^3 - 6r^2}{-3r^2}$

14.  $\frac{5m^3 + 8m^4 - 3m^5}{-m^3}$

15.  $\frac{xy^3 + x^3y}{xy}$

16.  $\frac{8ab^2 - 12a^2b}{4ab}$

**5–3 Monomial Factors of Polynomials (continued)****Example 3** Factor  $3x^2 + 12x$ **Solution** 1. The greatest monomial factor of  $3x^2 + 12x$  is  $3x$ .

2. Divide to find the other factor:

$$\frac{3x^2 + 12x}{3x} = \frac{3x^2}{3x} + \frac{12x}{3x}$$

$$= x + 4$$

3.  $3x^2 + 12x = 3x(x + 4)$

**Example 4** Factor  $6x^5 - 4x^3 + 8x$ **Solution** 1. The greatest monomial factor of  $6x^5 - 4x^3 + 8x$  is  $2x$ .

2. Divide to find the other factor:

$$\frac{6x^5 - 4x^3 + 8x}{2x} = \frac{6x^5}{2x} - \frac{4x^3}{2x} + \frac{8x}{2x}$$

$$= 3x^4 - 2x^2 + 4$$

3.  $6x^5 - 4x^3 + 8x = 2x(3x^4 - 2x^2 + 4)$

**Factor.**

17.  $21a^3 - 14a^2$

18.  $4x^3 + 32x$

19.  $9x^2 + 36x$

20.  $21c^3 - 14c$

21.  $10a - 35b + 15$

22.  $16x - 12y + 24$

23.  $8p - 4q + 12$

24.  $3x - 6y + 12$

25.  $9x - 6y + 36$

26.  $15a - 20b + 10$

27.  $3a^3 + 6a^2 - 12a$

28.  $10x^3 - 5x^2 + 20x$

29.  $5y^3 - 10y^2 + 15y$

30.  $18x^3 - 6x^2 + 24x$

31.  $8ab^2 - 12a^2b$

32.  $3a^2b^2 + 18ab$

33.  $6y^3 - 24y^2 - 12y$

34.  $20y^4 + 35y^3 + 15y^2$

**Mixed Review Exercises****Simplify.**

1.  $6n^2\left(\frac{1}{6}n^2\right)$

2.  $8x^2\left(\frac{3}{4}x^3\right)$

3.  $3a^2 - 6ac^2 + 4a^2 - 5ac^2$

4.  $\frac{5x^3y}{10x^2y^2}$

5.  $24 \div \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)$

6.  $\frac{(3a^2)^3}{a^4}$

7.  $(3a)^4$

8.  $6(3^2 - 1) + 2^3$

9.  $(x - 1)(x^2 + 2x + 3)$

10.  $(m - 3)(m + 4)$

11.  $(3a + 2)(5a - 3)$

12.  $(6p - q)(2p - 3q)$